#### Sony DADC





## High precision polymer injection molding in Micro Optics

Parma, 11th September 2024



#### Sony DADC - PART OF THE SONY GROUP CORPORATION

## SONY

### SONY GROUP CORPORATION

Kenichiro Yoshida CEO



Games & Network Services | Music | Pictures | Entertainment Technology & Services | Imaging & Sensing Solutions | Financial Services | New Initiatives

## Sony DADC

#### Sony DADC GLOBAL

**Dietmar Tanzer** President Sony DADC Global



a Sony Company

#### Sony DADC



#### PILSEN, CZ

#### **TERRE HAUTE, US**

1983

#### ORGANISATION **ESTABLISHED**

**GLOBAL EMPLOYEES** 

900

CONTRACT MANUFACTURER

CD, DVD, BD, UHD

PRODUCTS IN 40 YEARS

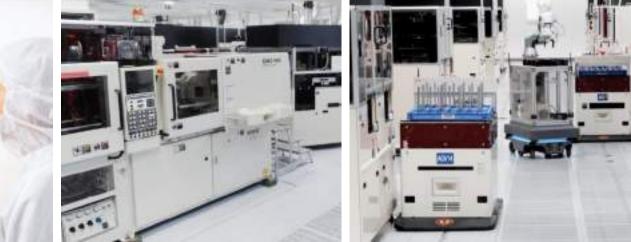
26.4 Billion

#### Sony DADC AUSTRIA – THALGAU MANUFACTURING CAMPUS



| Area size:          | 51,191 sqm  |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Building footprint: | 16,062 sqm  |
| Used floor space:   | 41,750 sqm  |
| Building dimension: | 140 x 115 m |





#### **CLEANROOM ENVIRONMENT**

#### Flexible adaption according to actual demand

> ISO 6 cleanroom: 500 sqm
> ISO 7 cleanroom: 6,000 sqm
> Useable height: 3 m
> 20 air handling units

> Air exchange rate: 40-80 per hour

> Temperature & humidity controlled

Exhaust air for different quality fractions

#### STATE OF THE ART FAB INFRASTRUCTURE - DISC



#### **HIGH-PRECISION MICRO AND NANOTECH POLYMER SOLUTIONS**





#### STATE OF THE ART FAB INFRASTRUCTURE – MICRO OPTICS



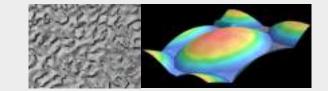
#### **Optical Elements**

- ROE Refractive Optical Elements
- DOE Diffractive Optical Elements
- MOE Meta Optical Elements

#### Wafer Level Optics



Surface structure 50 nm up to 100.000 nm







#### DEVELOP A UNIQUE POLYMER FABRICATION PLATFORM FOR MICRO OPTICS





LIGHTING SOLUTIONS

#### **CONSUMER ELECTRONICS**

## **PRIMARY FOCUS**

POLYMER SOLUTIONS

SENSING TECHNOLOGY

**VOLUME FABRICATION** 

DEVELOPMENT

#### **PROTOTYPES IN COOPERATION WITH PARTNERS & RESEARCH INSTITUTES**



MLA

DOE

## **NEW INITIATIVES**

#### Amongst others we cooperate with:



#### POLYMER OPTICAL PROPERTIES



#### POLYMER SUBSTRATE

## Our various polymers share glass's optical properties

#### **COMPARISON OF POLYMER AND GLASS**

- Good thermal-, mechanical-, chemical-, UV resistance
- Same thermal expansion between wafer and lenses
- Lightweight

#### POLYMER SUBSTRATE PROPERTIES

- Significant cost benefits in high-volume production
- Availability of lower-cost thermoplastic materials
- Robust production capabilities in terms of cycle time and quality

#### POLYMER INJECTION MOLDING



Hi-speed , Hi-precision optical polymer Injection molding is a key expertise at Sony DADC

#### MULTIPLE OPTICAL APPLICATIONS

#### Micro Optics Polymer Wafer TTV = 5 µm



#### Fully populated wafer with MLA, Fresnel, DOE



A very good total thickness distribution of our Micro Optics Wafer and various Injection Polymers is the base for multiple optical applications in wafer level optics (ROE, DOE)

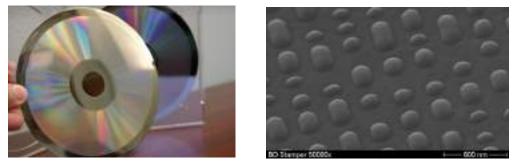
#### **NICKEL SHIMS – MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

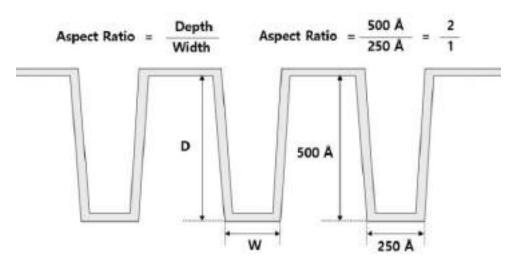
#### > Pure electroformed Nickel

- > Thickness: 290 +/- 5 μm
- > Inner Diameter: 22 000 +10 / -0 μm
- > Outer Diameter: 138 000 +/- 100 µm
- > Eccentricity: < 10 µm

#### > Microstructures

- > Optical Disc:
  - > Pit length: 150 to 600 nm
  - > Pit depth: 80 nm
  - > Pitch track: 320 nm
- > Micro Optics / OPTIMAL
  - > Length: 150 nm 1000 μm
  - > Depth: 100 nm 150 μm
  - > Aspect Ratio: up to 1:5
    - $\rightarrow$  important for feasibility estimate





#### ORIGINATION

Origination is the process how a substrate with the desired microstructure is made.

Typical ways are:

- Single Point Diamond Turning (brass or NiP)
- Grey-scale Lithography (e.g. mrP-22G\_XP, S1818 G2)
- E-Beam Lithography (e.g. PMMA)
- 2-Photon Lithography (e.g. IP-L)

#### Challenges:

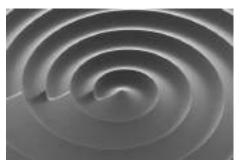
- Sensitive Surfaces:
  - Most of the time no chemical cleaning possible
  - for photoresists:

Photosensitive ( $\rightarrow$  hard for QC with microscopes/confocal laser scanning)

- Adhesion of photoresist to substrate
  - especially at edges & corners of microstructures
  - most common issue for electroforming
- Coating with an electroconductive seed layer (Sputtering, ELESS)



https://i.ytimg.com/vi/aQyG8aOm7 yl/maxresdefault.jpg

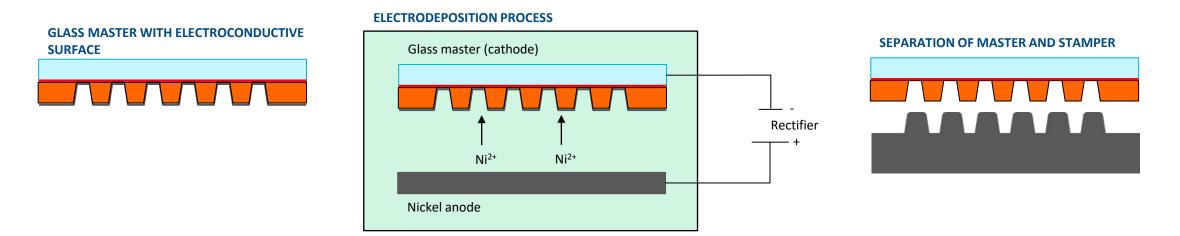


https://staging.heidelberginstruments.com/wpcontent/uploads/2023/01/CoreTechn ology-Header\_Grayscale\_Fresnel-Vortex-AxiconSEM.webp

#### **NICKEL ELECTROFORMING**

The starting point for Stamper production is a master-substrate with an electroconductive microstructure. The electroconductive coating is mainly done via DC Magnetron Sputtering.

Nickel electroforming describes the process of building up the nickel via electrodeposition onto the master. It is then mechanically separated to produce a nickel product which corresponds precisely to the shape and texture of the original substrate. Parts of the photoresist will remain on the nickel surface and are removed with sodium hydroxide and ozone treatment. The final mechanical tolerances are achieved via backside polishing and shaping of the nickel shim.



#### **NICKEL ELECTROLYTE & PLATING PARAMETERS**

> Typical electrolyte (Dischem. Inc)

→ <u>Microsoft Word - EFMP2908 CHEMISTRY AND RELATIONSHIPS IN SN BATHS.D (discheminc.com)</u>

| Anode<br>Material                           | Nickel<br>Metal (g/L) | Boric Acid<br>(g/L)       | Temp. (°C) | Surface Tension<br>(dynes/cm)<br>{%/vol. E-liminate<br>Pit} | Internal Stress of<br>Deposit | Anode<br>Corroder<br>(g/L as<br>chloride) |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Use only<br>sulfur<br>depolarized<br>nickel | 76 – 105              | Saturation by temperature | 45 – 60    | 28 - 32<br>{0.2 - 0.4}                                      | 0 – 4000 PSI<br>Tensile       | <mark>1.5 – 3.</mark> 0                   |

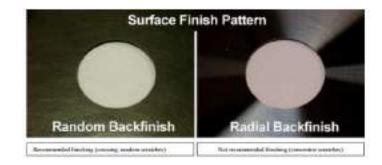
- > Common Issues:
  - > Filtration (1 µm, 99% efficiency)
  - > Temperature Stability (sufficient cooling)
  - > Break-down products of additives
    - > keep it simple (no additives, only boric acid & halogenide anode corroder)
    - > use high purity chemicals & DI Water (10 M $\Omega$ cm, 0.1 µm filtered)

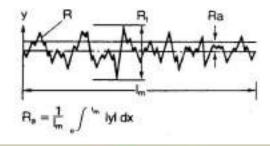
#### STAMPER SHAPING

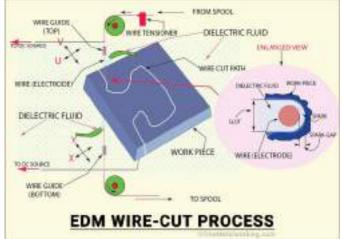
#### **BACKSIDE POLISHING & SHAPING**

- > Wet backside Polishing (Siebert Technologies Ltd.)
  - > Optical Disc: Ra 0.04 0.15 μm
  - > OPTIMAL: undefined

- > Shaping:
  - > Mechanical Punching
  - > Wire-Cutting
  - > Machining



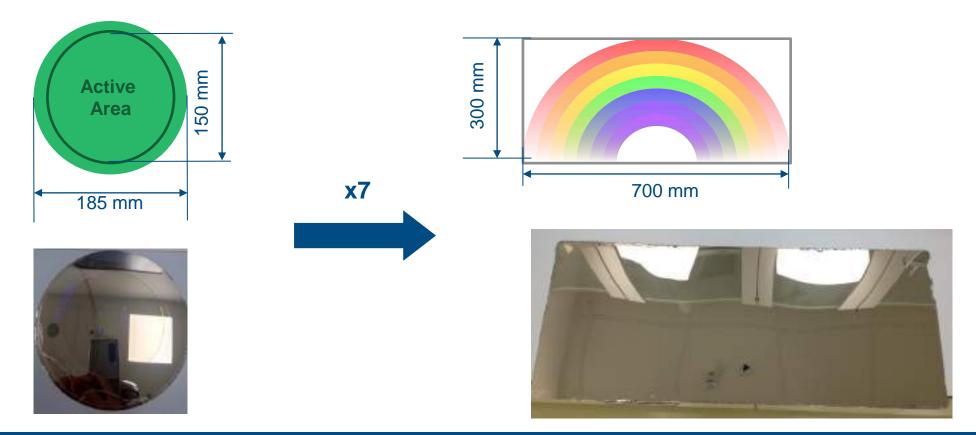




#### NICKEL ELECTROFORMING FOR PROJECT OPTIMAL

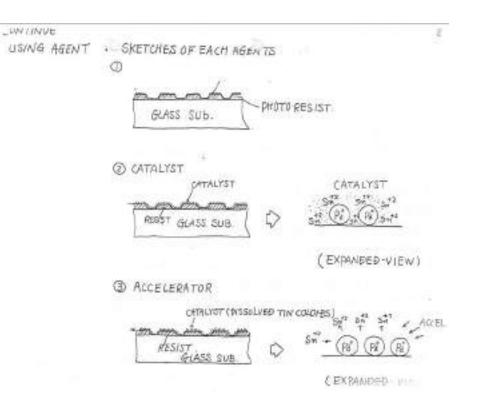
> Upscaling of our process to substrate sizes 70 x 30 cm<sup>2</sup>

> surface increase by Factor 7!



#### NICKEL ELECTROFORMING FOR PROJECT OPTIMAL

- > Upscaling of our process to substrate sizes 70 x 30 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - > surface increase by Factor 7!
  - > need for large-scale seed layer process & electroforming equipment
- > Max. wafer size for DC Magnetron Sputtering @Sony DADC
- > Going back to the roots of Optical Disc Mastering: Electroless Nickelplating (ELESS) from 1990



#### NICKEL ELECTROFORMING FOR PROJECT OPTIMAL

- > Upscaling of our process to substrate sizes 70 x 30 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - > Modification of electroforming equipment: 3 baths to 1 bath







#### Sony DADC AS PARTNER TO ENHANCE MICRO OPTICS TECHNOLOGY IN POLYMER



POLYMER SOLUTIONS INSTEAD OF EXISTING GLASS SOLUTIONS PROTOTYPING & MASS FABRICATION MADE IN EUROPE DEVELOPMENT & PROCESS ENGINEERING TEAM

## WE ARE ON THE LOOKOUT

TECHNOLOGY EXCHANGE (PROCESSES, MATERIAL, METROLOGY, ...) TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR USE CASES IN PRIMARY MARKET SEGMENTS PARTNERS FOR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS AND MASS PRODUCTION IN POLYMER Sony DADC

# Micro Optics







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